



T E C H N I C A L  
M A N U A L



Custom Rolled<sup>®</sup> Aluminum Coil since 1915

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## THE BENEFITS OF ALUMINUM

- Aluminum is a light metal, about the third of the density of steel, copper, and brass.
- Aluminum has good corrosion resistance to common atmospheric and marine atmospheres. Its corrosion resistance and scratch resistance can be enhanced by anodizing.
- Aluminum has high reflectivity and can be used for decorative applications.
- Some aluminum alloys can match or even exceed the strength of common construction steel.
- Aluminum retains its toughness at very low temperatures, without becoming brittle like carbon steels.
- Aluminum is a good conductor of heat and electricity . When measured by equal cross-sectional area, electrical grade aluminum has conductivity which is approximately 62% of electrical grade annealed copper. However, when compared using equal weight, the conductivity of aluminum is 204% of copper .
- Aluminum is readily worked and formed using a wide variety of forming processes including deep-drawing and roll forming.
- Aluminum is non-toxic and is commonly used in contact with foodstuffs.
- Aluminum can be readily recycled.

## ALUMINUM ALLOY DESIGNATIONS

### Alloy Designation System for Wrought Sheet Products

Aluminum alloys for sheet products are identified by a four-digit numerical system which is administered by the *Aluminum Association*. The alloys are conveniently divided into eight groups based on their principal alloying element. The first digit identifies the alloy group as follows:

ALLOYGROUP	PRINCIPAL ALLOYING ELEMENT	
1xxx	Unalloyed Aluminum	Purity of 99.0% or Greater
2xxx	Copper	Heat Treatable Alloys
3xxx	Manganese	
4xxx	Silicon	Low Melting Point Alloys
5xxx	Magnesium	
6xxx	Magnesium and Silicon	Heat Treatable Alloys
7xxx	Zinc	Heat Treatable Alloys
8xxx	Other Elements	

The last two digits in the 1xxx group correspond with the two digits after the decimal which indicate the minimum aluminum content. For example the aluminum content of 1060 is 99.60% minimum, 1100 is 99.00% minimum, 1350 is 99.50% minimum and so on.

The last two digits of the other groups are sequential numbers issued by the Aluminum Association to ensure each alloy is uniquely identified.

The second digit in all the groups indicates a minor modification of the basic alloy. For instance, 5252 is the second modification of 5052 alloy.

## ALUMINUM TEMPER DESIGNATIONS

The temper designation follows the alloy code and is separated by a hyphen.

-F	As Fabricated: Applies to products of rolling or forming where there is no special control over the thermal or work-hardening conditions. Since mechanical properties may vary widely, no limits have been assigned. This temper usually applies to sheet products which are at intermediate stages of production.
-H	Strain-Hardened: Applies to wrought products which are strengthened by cold-rolling or cold-working.
-O	Annealed: Applies to wrought products which have been heated above the recrystallization temperature to produce the lowest tensile strength condition of the alloy.

### DESIGNATIONS OF THE -H STRAIN HARDENED TEMPERS

#### The First Digit

There are three different methods used to achieve the final temper of strain hardened material.

-H1	Strain Hardened Only: Applies to products which are strain hardened to obtain the desired strength level without any subsequent thermal treatment.
-H2	Strain Hardened And Partially Annealed: Applies to products that are strain hardened to a higher strength level than desired, followed by a partial anneal (or "back anneal") which reduces the strength to the desired level.
-H3	Strain Hardened And Stabilized: This designation only applies to magnesium-containing alloys which gradually age-soften at room temperature after strain hardening. A low temperature anneal is applied which stabilizes the properties.

#### The Second Digit

The amount of strain hardening, and hence the strength level, is indicated by a second digit.

-Hx2	Quarter hard
-Hx4	Half hard
-Hx6	Three quarter
-Hx8	Full hard
-Hx9	Extra hard (the minimum tensile strength exceeds that of the Hx8 temper by 2 ksi or more)

**Hx1, Hx3, Hx5 and Hx7** tempers are intermediate between those defined above.

The mechanical property limits that correspond to each temper designation can be found by referring to an appropriate aluminum standard such as the *Aluminum Association Standards and Data* or ASTM B 209.

#### The Third Digit

A third digit is sometimes used to indicate a variation of the basic two-digit temper.

### HEAT TREATMENT TEMPERS

Alloys in the 2xxx, 6xxx and 7xxx groups can be strengthened by a heat treatment process. The aluminum is heat treated by carrying out a solution treatment process, in which the metal is heated to an elevated temperature followed by rapid cooling, then a precipitation hardening process (or "aging" process). The tempers are designated by -T followed by a digit. Some common -T tempers are as follows:

-T3	Solution heat-treated, cold worked, and naturally aged: Applies to products that are cold-worked to improve strength after solution heat-treatment, or which the effect of flattening or straightening is recognized in mechanical property limits.
-T4	Solution heat-treated and naturally aged: Applies to product that are allowed to age harden at room temperature following a solution treatment.
-T6	Solution heat-treated and artificially aged: Applies to products that are reheated to a low temperature following a solution treatment. This allows the metal to achieve its highest heat-treated strength level.

## CHEMICAL COMPOSITION LIMITS FOR ALUMINUM ALLOYS

Composition in percent by weight according to The Aluminum Association. The values indicate maximum limits unless shown as a range or a minimum.

Alloy	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Zn	Ti	OTHERS EACH	OTHERS TOTAL	AI MIN.
1070	0.20	0.25	0.04	0.03	0.03	—	0.04	0.03	0.03	—	99.70
1060	0.25	0.35	0.05	0.03	0.03	—	0.05	0.03	0.03	—	99.60
1050	0.25	0.40	0.05	0.05	0.05	—	0.05	0.03	0.03	—	99.50
1350	0.10	0.40	0.05	0.01	—	0.01	0.05	—	0.03	0.10	99.50
1145	0.55 Si + Fe		0.05	0.05	0.05	—	0.05	0.03	0.03	—	99.45
1100	0.95 Si + Fe		0.05-0.20	0.05	—	—	0.10	—	0.05	0.15	99.00
2024	0.50	0.50	3.8-4.9	0.30-0.9	1.2-1.8	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	Rem.
3003	0.6	0.7	0.05-0.20	1.0-1.5	—	—	0.10	—	0.05	0.15	Rem.
3004	0.30	0.7	0.25	1.0-1.5	0.8-1.3	—	0.25	—	0.05	0.15	Rem.
3005	0.6	0.7	0.30	1.0-1.5	0.20-0.6	0.10	0.25	0.10	0.05	0.15	Rem.
3104	0.6	0.8	0.05-0.25	0.8-1.4	0.8-1.3	—	0.25	0.10	0.05	0.15	Rem.
4004	9.0-10.5	0.8	0.25	0.10	1.0-2.0	—	0.20	—	0.05	0.15	Rem.
4104	9.0-10.5	0.8	0.25	0.10	1.0-2.0	—	0.20	—	0.05	0.15	Rem.
4043	4.5-6.0	0.8	0.30	0.05	0.05	—	0.10	0.20	0.05	0.15	Rem.
4045	9.0-11.0	0.8	0.30	0.05	0.05	—	0.10	0.20	0.05	0.15	Rem.
5005	0.30	0.7	0.20	0.20	0.50-1.1	0.10	0.25	—	0.05	0.15	Rem.
5050	0.40	0.7	0.20	0.10	1.1-1.8	0.10	0.25	—	0.05	0.15	Rem.
5052	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.10	2.2-2.8	0.15-0.35	0.10	—	0.05	0.15	Rem.
5252	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.10	2.2-2.8	—	0.05	—	0.03	0.10	Rem.
5056	0.30	0.40	0.10	0.05-0.20	4.5-5.6	0.05-0.20	0.10	—	0.05	0.15	Rem.
5657	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.03	0.6-1.0	—	0.05	—	0.02	0.05	Rem.
5182	0.20	0.35	0.15	0.20-0.50	4.0-5.0	0.10	0.25	0.10	0.05	0.15	Rem.
6061	0.40-0.8	0.7	0.15-0.40	0.15	0.8-1.2	0.04-0.35	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	Rem.
7075	0.40	0.50	1.2-2.0	0.30	2.1-2.9	0.18-0.28	5.1-6.1	0.20	0.05	0.15	Rem.

Rem.= Remainder



# ALUMINUM SHEET & COIL PUBLISHED DIMENSIONAL TOLERANCES

## Thickness Tolerances for Aluminum Sheet

Specified Thickness (Inches)		Thickness Tolerance for widths up to 39.37"
Over	Thru	Inches plus and minus
0.0059	0.016	0.0010
0.016	0.025	0.0015
0.025	0.039	0.0020
0.039	0.047	0.0025
0.047	0.063	0.0030
0.063	0.098	0.0035
0.098	0.126	0.0045
0.126	0.158	0.0055
0.158	0.197	0.0070

The above are the published thickness tolerances in ANSI-H35.2 for all sheet alloys not included in the Aerospace Alloys Table or specified for aerospace applications.

## Thickness Tolerances for Aerospace Alloys

Specified Thickness (Inches)		Thickness Tolerance for widths up to 39.37"
Over	Thru	Inches plus and minus
0.0059	0.010	0.0010
0.010	0.039	0.0015
0.039	0.079	0.0020
0.079	0.098	0.0025
0.098	0.126	0.0035
0.126	0.158	0.0040
0.158	0.197	0.0055

The above are the published thickness tolerances in ANSI-H35.2 for aerospace alloys 2024 and 7075.

## Width Tolerances for Slit Coil

Specified Thickness (Inches)	Specified Width (inches)			
	Up Thru 6	Over 6 Thru 12	Over 12 Thru 24	Over 24 Thru 48
0.006-0.125	0.010	1/64	1/32	3/64
0.126-0.186	0.012	1/32	1/32	1/16

ANSI-H35.2

## Lateral Bow (or "Camber") Limits for Slit Coil

Allowable deviation of an edge from a 6ft. straight line

Specified Thickness (Inches)	Specified Width (inches)				
	1/2 Thru 1	Over 1 Thru 2	Over 2 Thru 4	Over 4 Thru 10	Over 10
0.006-0.064	3/4	9/16	3/8	1/4	3/16
0.065-0.125	—	—	3/8	1/4	3/16

ANSI-H35.2

## TYPICAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

The following typical properties are not guaranteed since in most cases they are averages for various sizes and methods of manufacture and may not be exactly representative of any particular product or size. The data is intended for comparing alloys and tempers and should not be used for design purposes.

		Tensile Strength	Yield Strength	Elongation (%) for the following gauge ranges:		Tensile Strength	Yield Strength	Elongation (%) for the following gauge ranges:	
Alloy	Temper	(ksi)	(ksi)	0.010-0.050"	0.051-.125"	(MPa)	(MPa)	0.25-1.25mm	1.26-3.0mm
1100	O	13	5	30	32	89.6	34.5	30	6
	H12	16	15	4	12	110.3	103.4	4	12
	H14	18	17	3	10	124.1	117.2	3	10
	H16	21	20	2	8	144.8	137.9	2	8
	H18	24	22	2	6	165.5	151.7	2	6
1350	O	12	4	34	42	82.7	27.6	34	42
	H12	14	12	5	12	96.5	82.7	5	12
	H14	16	14	3	9	110.3	96.5	3	9
	H16	18	16	3	8	124.1	110.3	3	8
	H19	27	24	2	6	186.2	165.5	2	6
2024	O	27	11	18	20	186.2	75.8	18	20
	T3	70	50	16	18	482.6	344.7	16	18
	T4	68	47	20	19	468.8	324.1	20	19
3003	O	16	6	30	33	110.3	41.4	30	33
	H12	19	18	9	11	131.0	124.1	9	11
	H14	22	21	3	7	151.7	144.8	3	7
	H16	26	25	3	5	179.3	172.4	3	5
	H18	29	27	3	5	199.9	186.2	3	5
3004	O	26	10	19	23	179.3	68.9	19	23
	H32	31	25	6	15	213.7	172.4	6	15
	H34	35	29	5	10	241.3	199.9	5	10
	H36	38	33	5	8	262.0	227.5	5	8
	H38	41	36	4	6	282.7	248.2	4	6
3005	O	20	8	22	23	137.9	55.2	22	23
	H12	26	24	5	13	179.3	165.5	5	13
	H14	29	28	4	9	199.9	193.1	4	9
	H16	31	30	3	5	213.7	206.8	3	5
	H18	37	36	2	3	255.1	248.2	2	3
5005	O	18	6	22	25	124.1	41.4	22	25
	H12	20	19	5	9	137.9	131.0	5	9
	H14	23	22	4	7	158.6	151.7	4	7
	H16	26	25	3	5	179.3	172.4	3	5
	H18	29	28	2	2	199.9	193.1	2	2
	H32	20	17	8	9	137.9	117.2	8	9
	H34	23	20	6	8	158.6	137.9	6	8
	H36	26	24	5	6	179.3	165.5	5	6
	H38	29	27	3	4	199.9	186.2	3	4
5050	O	21	8	20	25	144.8	55.2	20	25
	H32	25	21	9	13	172.4	144.8	9	13
	H34	28	24	5	10	193.1	165.5	5	10
	H36	30	26	4	7	206.8	179.3	4	7
	H38	32	29	2	4	220.6	199.9	2	4
5052	O	28	13	20	21	193.1	89.6	20	21
	H32	33	28	7	10	227.5	193.1	7	10
	H34	38	31	6	8	262.0	213.7	6	8
	H36	40	35	4	5	275.8	241.3	4	5
	H38	42	37	3	4	289.6	255.1	3	4
5056	O	42	22	23	24	289.6	151.7	23	24
	H38	60	50	6	13	413.7	344.7	6	13
5182	O	40	21	21	25	275.8	144.8	21	25
	H32	41	22	20	21	282.7	151.7	20	21
	H34	48	37	11	14	330.9	255.1	11	14
	H36	51	42	9	11	351.6	289.6	9	11
	H38	54	47	6	7	372.3	324.1	6	7
6061	O	18	8	25	26	124.1	55.2	25	26
	T4	35	21	22	24	241.3	144.8	22	24
	T6	45	40	12	17	310.3	275.8	12	17
7075	O	33	15	16	18	227.5	103.4	16	18
	T6	83	73	11	12	572.3	503.3	11	12



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## TYPICAL PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Alloy	Average <sup>1</sup> Coefficient of Thermal Expansion 68° to 212°F (°F)	Melting Range <sup>2,3</sup> Approximately (°F)	Density (lbs/cubic in.)	Thermal Conductivity (English Units <sup>4</sup> )	Electrical Conductivity at 68°F (Percent of International Annealed Copper Standard)		Electrical Resistivity at 68°F (Ohms-Cir. Mil/Foot)
					Equal Volume	Equal Volume	
1100	13.1	1190-1215	0.098	1520	59	194	18
1350	13.2	1195-1215	0.0975	1625	62	204	17
2024-O	12.9	935-1180 <sup>5</sup>	0.100	1340	50	160	21
2024-T3,T4	12.9	935-1180 <sup>5</sup>	0.100	840	30	96	35
2024-T6	12.9	935-1180 <sup>5</sup>	0.100	1050	38	122	27
3003	12.9	1190-1210	0.099	1200	48	156	22
3004	13.3	1165-1210	0.098	1100	41	134	25
3005	13.1	1175-1210	0.098	1190	45	148	23
5005	13.2	1170-1210	0.098	1390	52	172	20
5050	13.2	1155-1205	0.097	1340	50	165	21
5052	13.2	1125-1200	0.097	960	35	116	30
5056	13.4	1055-1180	0.096	790	28	95	37
5182	13.4	1055-1180	0.096	790	28	95	37
5657	13.2	1180-1215	0.097	960	35	116	30
6061-O	13.1	1080-1205 <sup>6</sup>	0.098	1250	47	155	22
6061-T4	13.1	1080-1205 <sup>6</sup>	0.098	1070	40	132	26
6061-T6	13.1	1080-1205 <sup>6</sup>	0.098	1160	43	142	24

<sup>1</sup> Coefficient to be multiplied by 10<sup>-6</sup>. Example 12.2 x 10<sup>-6</sup> = 0.0000122.

<sup>2</sup> Melting ranges shown apply to wrought products of 1/4 inch thickness or greater.

<sup>3</sup> Based on typical composition of the indicated alloys.

<sup>4</sup> English units = btu-in/ft<sup>2</sup>hr °F.

<sup>5</sup> Eutectic melting is not eliminated by homogenization.

<sup>6</sup> Eutectic melting can be completely eliminated by homogenization



## SELECTION GUIDE FOR ALUMINUM ALLOYS AND TEMPERS

ALLOY	TEMPER	RESISTANCE TO CORROSION		Working Cold	Machinability	Brazability	WELDABILITY		
		General	Stress-Corrosion Cracking				Gas	Arc	Resistance Spot and Seam
1100	O	A	A	A	E	A	A	A	B
	H12	A	A	A	E	A	A	A	A
	H14	A	A	A	D	A	A	A	A
	H16	A	A	B	D	A	A	A	A
	H18	A	A	C	D	A	A	A	A
1350	O	A	A	A	E	A	A	A	B
	H18	A	A	B	D	A	A	A	A
2024	O	—	—	—	D	D	D	D	D
	T3, T4	D	C	C	B	D	C	B	B
	T6	D	D	C	B	D	D	C	B
3003	O	A	A	A	E	A	A	A	A
	H12	A	A	A	E	A	A	A	A
	H14	A	A	B	D	A	A	A	A
	H16	A	A	C	D	A	A	A	A
	H18	A	A	C	D	A	A	A	A
	H25	A	A	B	D	A	A	A	A
3004	O	A	A	A	D	B	B	A	B
	H32	A	A	B	D	B	B	A	A
	H34	A	A	B	C	B	B	A	A
	H36	A	A	C	C	B	B	A	A
	H38	A	A	C	C	B	B	A	A
3005	O	A	A	A	D	B	A	A	B
	H12	A	A	B	D	B	A	A	A
	H14	A	A	B	C	B	A	A	A
	H16	A	A	C	C	B	A	A	A
	H18	A	A	C	C	B	A	A	A
5005	O	A	A	A	E	B	A	A	B
	H12	A	A	A	E	B	A	A	A
	H14	A	A	B	D	B	A	A	A
	H16	A	A	C	D	B	A	A	A
	H18	A	A	C	D	B	A	A	A
	H32	A	A	A	E	B	A	A	A
	H34	A	A	B	D	B	A	A	A
	H36	A	A	C	D	B	A	A	A
	H38	A	A	C	D	B	A	A	A

## SELECTION GUIDE FOR ALUMINUM ALLOYS AND TEMPERS

ALLOY	TEMPER	RESISTANCE TO CORROSION		Working Cold	Machinability	Brazability	WELDABILITY		
		General	Stress-Corrosion Cracking				Gas	Arc	Resistance Spot and Seam
5050	O	A	A	A	E	B	A	A	B
	H32	A	A	A	D	B	A	A	A
	H34	A	A	B	D	B	A	A	A
	H36	A	A	C	C	B	A	A	A
	H38	A	A	C	C	B	A	A	A
5052	O	A	A	A	D	C	A	A	B
	H32	A	A	B	D	C	A	A	A
	H34	A	A	B	C	C	A	A	A
	H36	A	A	C	C	C	A	A	A
	H38	A	A	C	C	C	A	A	A
5056 & 5182	O	A	B	A	D	D	C	A	B
	H12, H32	A	B	B	D	D	C	A	A
	H14, H34	A	B	B	C	D	C	A	A
	H16, H36	A	B-C	B-C	C	D	C	A	A
	H18, H38	A	C	C	C	D	C	A	A
5657	H241	A	A	A	D	B	A	A	A
	H25	A	A	B	D	B	A	A	A
	H26	A	A	B	D	B	A	A	A
	H28	A	A	C	D	B	A	A	A
6061	O	B	A	A	D	A	A	A	B
	T4	B	B	B	C	A	A	A	A
	T6	B	A	C	C	A	A	A	A
7075	O	-	-	-	D	D	D	D	B
	T6	C	C	D	B	D	D	D	B

Corrosion ratings A through E are relative ratings in decreasing order of merit, based on exposures to sodium chloride solution by intermittent spraying or immersion. Alloys with A and B ratings can be used in industrial and seacoast atmospheres without protection. Alloys with C, D and E ratings generally should be protected at least on faying surfaces.

Stress-corrosion cracking ratings are based on service experience and on laboratory tests of specimens exposed to the 3.5% sodium chloride alternate immersion test.

A = No known instance of failure in service or in laboratory tests.

B = No known instance of failure in service; limited failures in laboratory tests of short transverse specimens.

C = Service failures with sustained tension stress acting in short transverse direction relative to grain structure; limited failures in laboratory tests of long transverse specimens.

D = Limited service failures with sustained longitudinal or long transverse stress.

Ratings A through D for Workability (cold), and A through E for Machinability, are relative ratings in decreasing order of merit.

Ratings A through D for Weldability and Brazeability are relative ratings defined as follows:

A = Generally weldable by all commercial procedures and methods.

B = Weldable with special techniques or for specific applications which justify preliminary trials or testing to develop welding procedure and weld performance.

C = Limited Weldability because of crack sensitivity or loss in resistance to corrosion and mechanical properties.

D = No commonly used welding methods have been developed.

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## RECOMMENDED MINIMUM BEND RADII FOR 90-DEGREE COLD FORMING OF SHEET

The radii listed are the minimum recommended for bending sheets and plates without fracturing in a standard press brake with air bend dies. Other types of bending operations may require larger radii or permit smaller radii. The minimum permissible radii will also vary with the design and condition of the tooling.

ALLOY	TEMPER	RADII FOR VARIOUS THICKNESS EXPRESSED IN TERMS OF THICKNESS "t"			
		$\frac{1}{64}$ in.	$\frac{1}{32}$ in.	$\frac{1}{16}$ in.	$\frac{1}{8}$ in.
1100	O	0	0	0	0
	H12	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	H14	0	0	0	1t
	H16	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	H18	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	$2\frac{1}{2}t$
2024	O	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	T3	$2\frac{1}{2}t$	3t	4t	5t
	T361	3t	4t	5t	6t
	T4	$2\frac{1}{2}t$	3t	4t	5t
	T81	$4\frac{1}{2}t$	$5\frac{1}{2}t$	6t	$7\frac{1}{2}t$
	T861	5t	6t	7t	$8\frac{1}{2}t$
3003	O	0	0	0	0
	H12	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	H14	0	0	0	1t
	H16	$\frac{1}{2}t$	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	H18	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	2t	$2\frac{1}{2}t$
3004	O	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	H32	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$	1t
	H34	0	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	H36	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	$2\frac{1}{2}t$
	H38	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	$2\frac{1}{2}t$	3t
3005	O	0	0	0	0
	H12	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	H14	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$	$\frac{1}{2}t$	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	H16	$\frac{1}{2}t$	1t	1t	2t
	H18	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	2t	$2\frac{1}{2}t$

ALLOY	TEMPER	RADII FOR VARIOUS THICKNESS EXPRESSED IN TERMS OF THICKNESS "t"			
		$\frac{1}{64}$ in.	$\frac{1}{32}$ in.	$\frac{1}{16}$ in.	$\frac{1}{8}$ in.
5005	O	0	0	0	0
	H12	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	H14	0	0	0	1t
	H16	$\frac{1}{2}t$	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	H18	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	2t	$2\frac{1}{2}t$
	H32	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	H34	0	0	0	1t
	H36	$\frac{1}{2}t$	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	H38	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	2t	$2\frac{1}{2}t$
5050	O	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	H32	0	0	0	1t
	H34	0	0	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	H36	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	2t
	H38	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	$2\frac{1}{2}t$	3t
5052	O	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}t$
	H32	0	0	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	H34	0	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	2t
	H36	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	$2\frac{1}{2}t$
	H38	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	$2\frac{1}{2}t$	3t
5657	H25	0	0	0	1t
	H27	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	$2\frac{1}{2}t$	3t
6061	O	0	0	0	1t
	T4	0	0	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$
	T6	1t	1t	$1\frac{1}{2}t$	$2\frac{1}{2}t$
7075	O	0	0t	1t	1t
	T6	3t	4t	5t	6t

## WATERSTAIN AND ITS PREVENTION

### **What is Waterstain?**

Sometimes, when a coil of aluminum is unwound, some patches of white, chalky stains can be seen on the surface — this is a sure indication that the coil has been exposed to moisture at some time. Although usually white, the colors of the stains can also be brown, black or even show iridescent colors.

### **How does the staining occur?**

Aluminum reacts with oxygen in the air to form a very tenacious oxide coating. It is this coating that gives aluminum its excellent corrosion resistance. Under most conditions aluminum will not react with water at all, but aluminum is very prone to waterstaining when water is trapped between mating surfaces, such as when it is in the form of a tightly wound coil or in a stack of flat sheet.

Because oxygen from the air is prevented from reaching much of the aluminum surface, a chemical reaction occurs between the entrapped water and the aluminum, which results in a white hydroxide film forming instead of the usual transparent oxide film. The stains have no significant affect on the mechanical strength, but they can be unsightly and are often objectionable for esthetic reasons. They may cause processing problems where additional surface finishing or fabrication is to be performed.

### **Where does the water come from?**

Obviously aluminum coils should not be stored in an area where they would be exposed to rain, or to water from a leaking roof or a leaking water pipe, or be exposed to any water splashes from nearby processing equipment. However, waterstain can still occur in an apparently dry storage area. This is because the most common source of water is condensation.

Air contains water in the form of water vapor. Warm air can hold more moisture than cold and so, if the air is chilled, it releases its moisture in the form of dew. A familiar example is the condensation of water that forms on the outside of a glass of cold liquid.

There is a risk of water condensing on an aluminum coil whenever the metal temperature is allowed to fall much below the surrounding air temperature, or, in technical terms, water will condense on aluminum if the temperature of the metal falls below the dew-point. Some examples of how this may occur:

- Moving cold metal from a cold truck directly into a warm storage area can result in condensation, especially on a humid day. Instead, the unopened package of cold metal should be placed in a cooler area, free from drafts, and allowed to warm up slowly.
- Moving metal from cold warehouse to a warm factory floor. Again, the metal should be allowed to warm up slowly.
- Leaving a warehouse door open, allowing cold air to enter and cool the metal. If the air temperature suddenly rises as the day gets hotter then water may condense on the coil.

### **How does the water get in between the wraps?**

It is often a source of amazement that waterstaining can occur all the way across a wide strip despite only the edges of a coil getting wet. However the water is forced into the wraps of the coil by a strong force called capillary action (the very tiny gaps between the wraps of the coil cause it to behave like a sponge soaking up water).

If there is evidence that the package has been exposed to moisture when you receive the metal, then this should be noted on the receiving papers and you should notify United Aluminum immediately.

If water is already in contact with the metal, the only sure way to avoid waterstain is to process the metal immediately. If this is not practical then remove the water as quickly as possible by using fans to blow air over the metal. Do not use hot air as this can cause further condensation to occur.

United Aluminum hopes that this information has provided a better understanding of waterstain. The value of the aluminum and assured production schedules justify the extra precautions.

## ALUMINUM COIL SIZE CALCULATOR

The following data can be used in two ways:

- (1) If the arbor, or inner diameter, size is known to a specified pounds per inch of coil width (PIW), the outside diameter can be read below.
- (2) If the ID and OD are known, the PIW is in the left column. To calculate the weight of the coil in pounds, multiply the PIW by the width.

POUNDS PER INCH OF COIL WIDTH	INSIDE DIAMETER (ID) OF COIL (INCHES)								
	3	6	8	10	12	16	20	22	24
	OUTSIDE DIAMETER (OD) OF COIL (INCHES)								
10	11.8	12.9	13.9	15.2	16.6	19.6	23.0	24.8	26.6
15	14.3	15.2	16.1	17.2	18.4	21.2	24.4	26.1	27.8
20	16.4	17.2	18.0	19.0	20.1	22.7	25.7	27.3	28.9
25	18.3	19.0	19.7	20.6	21.7	24.1	26.9	28.4	30.0
30	20.0	20.6	21.3	22.1	23.1	25.4	28.1	29.6	31.1
35	21.5	22.2	22.8	23.6	24.5	26.7	29.2	30.6	32.1
40	23.0	23.6	24.2	24.9	25.8	27.9	30.3	31.7	33.1
45	24.4	24.9	25.5	26.2	27.0	29.0	31.4	32.7	34.1
50	25.7	26.2	26.7	27.4	28.2	30.1	32.4	33.7	35.0
55	26.9	27.4	27.9	28.5	29.3	31.2	33.4	34.6	35.9
60	28.1	28.6	29.0	29.7	30.4	32.2	34.3	35.5	36.8
65	29.2	29.7	30.1	30.7	31.4	33.2	35.3	36.4	37.7
70	30.3	30.7	31.2	31.8	32.5	34.1	36.2	37.3	38.5
75	31.4	31.8	32.2	32.8	33.4	35.1	37.1	38.2	39.4
80	32.4	32.8	33.2	33.8	34.4	36.0	37.9	39.0	40.2
85	33.4	33.8	34.2	34.7	35.3	36.9	38.8	39.9	41.0
90	34.3	34.7	35.1	35.6	36.2	37.8	39.6	40.7	41.8
95	35.3	35.6	36.0	36.5	37.1	38.6	40.4	41.5	42.5
100	36.2	36.5	36.9	37.4	38.0	39.4	41.2	42.2	43.3
110	37.9	38.3	38.6	39.1	39.7	41.1	42.8	43.7	44.8
120	39.6	39.9	40.3	40.7	41.3	42.6	44.3	45.2	46.2
130	41.2	41.5	41.9	42.3	42.8	44.1	45.7	46.6	47.6
140	42.8	43.1	43.4	43.8	44.3	45.6	47.1	48.0	48.9
150	44.2	44.6	44.9	45.3	45.7	47.0	48.5	49.3	50.2
160	45.7	46.0	46.3	46.7	47.1	48.3	49.8	50.6	51.5
170	47.1	47.4	47.7	48.0	48.5	49.6	51.1	51.9	52.8
180	48.5	48.7	49.0	49.4	49.8	50.9	52.3	53.1	54.0
190	49.8	50.0	50.3	50.7	51.1	52.2	53.6	54.3	55.2
200	51.1	51.3	51.6	51.9	52.4	53.4	54.8	55.5	56.3
210	52.3	52.6	52.8	53.2	53.6	54.6	55.9	56.7	57.5
220	53.5	53.8	54.1	54.4	54.8	55.8	57.1	57.8	58.6
230	54.7	55.0	55.2	55.6	56.0	57.0	58.2	58.9	59.7
240	55.9	56.2	56.4	56.7	57.1	58.1	59.3	60.0	60.8
250	57.1	57.3	57.6	57.9	58.2	59.2	60.4	61.1	61.8
260	58.2	58.4	58.7	59.0	59.3	60.3	61.5	62.1	62.9
270	59.3	59.5	59.8	60.1	60.4	61.4	62.5	63.2	63.9
280	60.4	60.6	60.8	61.1	61.5	62.4	63.5	64.2	64.9
290	61.5	61.7	61.9	62.2	62.5	63.4	64.6	65.2	65.9
300	62.5	62.7	62.9	63.2	63.6	64.4	65.6	66.2	66.9
310	63.5	63.7	64.0	64.2	64.6	65.4	66.5	67.2	67.8
320	64.5	64.8	65.0	65.2	65.6	66.4	67.5	68.1	68.8
330	65.5	65.8	66.0	66.2	66.6	67.4	68.5	69.1	69.7
340	66.5	66.7	66.9	67.2	67.5	68.4	69.4	70.0	70.7
350	67.5	67.7	67.9	68.2	68.5	69.3	70.3	70.9	71.6
360	68.5	68.7	68.9	69.1	69.4	70.2	71.3	71.8	72.5
370	69.4	69.6	69.8	70.1	70.4	71.2	72.2	72.7	73.4
380	70.3	70.5	70.7	71.0	71.3	72.1	73.1	73.6	74.2
390	71.2	71.4	71.6	71.9	72.2	73.0	73.9	74.5	75.1
400	72.2	72.3	72.5	72.8	73.1	73.8	74.8	75.4	76.0



## INCH/MILLIMETER CONVERSION CHART

### 0.0001-0.0050 inch

Inches	mm								
<b>0.0001</b>	0.0025	<b>0.0011</b>	0.0279	<b>0.0021</b>	0.0533	<b>0.0031</b>	0.0787	<b>0.0041</b>	0.1041
<b>0.0002</b>	0.0051	<b>0.0012</b>	0.0305	<b>0.0022</b>	0.0559	<b>0.0032</b>	0.0813	<b>0.0042</b>	0.1067
<b>0.0003</b>	0.0076	<b>0.0013</b>	0.0330	<b>0.0023</b>	0.0584	<b>0.0033</b>	0.0838	<b>0.0043</b>	0.1092
<b>0.0004</b>	0.0102	<b>0.0014</b>	0.0356	<b>0.0024</b>	0.0610	<b>0.0034</b>	0.0864	<b>0.0044</b>	0.1118
<b>0.0005</b>	0.0127	<b>0.0015</b>	0.0381	<b>0.0025</b>	0.0635	<b>0.0035</b>	0.0889	<b>0.0045</b>	0.1143
<b>0.0006</b>	0.0152	<b>0.0016</b>	0.0406	<b>0.0026</b>	0.0660	<b>0.0036</b>	0.0914	<b>0.0046</b>	0.1168
<b>0.0007</b>	0.0178	<b>0.0017</b>	0.0432	<b>0.0027</b>	0.0686	<b>0.0037</b>	0.0940	<b>0.0047</b>	0.1194
<b>0.0008</b>	0.0203	<b>0.0018</b>	0.0457	<b>0.0028</b>	0.0711	<b>0.0038</b>	0.0965	<b>0.0048</b>	0.1219
<b>0.0009</b>	0.0229	<b>0.0019</b>	0.0483	<b>0.0029</b>	0.0737	<b>0.0039</b>	0.0991	<b>0.0049</b>	0.1245
<b>0.0010</b>	0.0254	<b>0.0020</b>	0.0508	<b>0.0030</b>	0.0762	<b>0.0040</b>	0.1016	<b>0.0050</b>	0.1270

### 0.001-0.200 inch

Inches	mm								
<b>0.001</b>	0.0254	<b>0.041</b>	1.0414	<b>0.081</b>	2.0574	<b>0.121</b>	3.0734	<b>0.161</b>	4.0894
<b>0.002</b>	0.0508	<b>0.042</b>	1.0668	<b>0.082</b>	2.0828	<b>0.122</b>	3.0988	<b>0.162</b>	4.1148
<b>0.003</b>	0.0762	<b>0.043</b>	1.0922	<b>0.083</b>	2.1082	<b>0.123</b>	3.1242	<b>0.163</b>	4.1402
<b>0.004</b>	0.1016	<b>0.044</b>	1.1176	<b>0.084</b>	2.1336	<b>0.124</b>	3.1496	<b>0.164</b>	4.1656
<b>0.005</b>	0.1270	<b>0.045</b>	1.1430	<b>0.085</b>	2.1590	<b>0.125</b>	3.1750	<b>0.165</b>	4.1910
<b>0.006</b>	0.1524	<b>0.046</b>	1.1684	<b>0.086</b>	2.1844	<b>0.126</b>	3.2004	<b>0.166</b>	4.2164
<b>0.007</b>	0.1778	<b>0.047</b>	1.1938	<b>0.087</b>	2.2098	<b>0.127</b>	3.2258	<b>0.167</b>	4.2418
<b>0.008</b>	0.2032	<b>0.048</b>	1.2192	<b>0.088</b>	2.2352	<b>0.128</b>	3.2512	<b>0.168</b>	4.2672
<b>0.009</b>	0.2286	<b>0.049</b>	1.2446	<b>0.089</b>	2.2606	<b>0.129</b>	3.2766	<b>0.169</b>	4.2926
<b>0.010</b>	0.2540	<b>0.050</b>	1.2700	<b>0.090</b>	2.2860	<b>0.130</b>	3.3020	<b>0.170</b>	4.3180
<b>0.011</b>	0.2794	<b>0.051</b>	1.2954	<b>0.091</b>	2.3114	<b>0.131</b>	3.3274	<b>0.171</b>	4.3434
<b>0.012</b>	0.3048	<b>0.052</b>	1.3208	<b>0.092</b>	2.3368	<b>0.132</b>	3.3528	<b>0.172</b>	4.3688
<b>0.013</b>	0.3302	<b>0.053</b>	1.3462	<b>0.093</b>	2.3622	<b>0.133</b>	3.3782	<b>0.173</b>	4.3942
<b>0.014</b>	0.3556	<b>0.054</b>	1.3716	<b>0.094</b>	2.3876	<b>0.134</b>	3.4036	<b>0.174</b>	4.4196
<b>0.015</b>	0.3810	<b>0.055</b>	1.3970	<b>0.095</b>	2.4130	<b>0.135</b>	3.4290	<b>0.175</b>	4.4450
<b>0.016</b>	0.4064	<b>0.056</b>	1.4224	<b>0.096</b>	2.4384	<b>0.136</b>	3.4544	<b>0.176</b>	4.4704
<b>0.017</b>	0.4318	<b>0.057</b>	1.4478	<b>0.097</b>	2.4638	<b>0.137</b>	3.4798	<b>0.177</b>	4.4958
<b>0.018</b>	0.4572	<b>0.058</b>	1.4732	<b>0.098</b>	2.4892	<b>0.138</b>	3.5052	<b>0.178</b>	4.5212
<b>0.019</b>	0.4826	<b>0.059</b>	1.4986	<b>0.099</b>	2.5146	<b>0.139</b>	3.5306	<b>0.179</b>	4.5466
<b>0.020</b>	0.5080	<b>0.060</b>	1.5240	<b>0.100</b>	2.5400	<b>0.140</b>	3.5560	<b>0.180</b>	4.5720
<b>0.021</b>	0.5334	<b>0.061</b>	1.5494	<b>0.101</b>	2.5654	<b>0.141</b>	3.5814	<b>0.181</b>	4.5974
<b>0.022</b>	0.5588	<b>0.062</b>	1.5748	<b>0.102</b>	2.5908	<b>0.142</b>	3.6068	<b>0.182</b>	4.6228
<b>0.023</b>	0.5842	<b>0.063</b>	1.6002	<b>0.103</b>	2.6162	<b>0.143</b>	3.6322	<b>0.183</b>	4.6482
<b>0.024</b>	0.6096	<b>0.064</b>	1.6256	<b>0.104</b>	2.6416	<b>0.144</b>	3.6576	<b>0.184</b>	4.6736
<b>0.025</b>	0.6350	<b>0.065</b>	1.6510	<b>0.105</b>	2.6670	<b>0.145</b>	3.6830	<b>0.185</b>	4.6990
<b>0.026</b>	0.6604	<b>0.066</b>	1.6764	<b>0.106</b>	2.6924	<b>0.146</b>	3.7084	<b>0.186</b>	4.7244
<b>0.027</b>	0.6858	<b>0.067</b>	1.7018	<b>0.107</b>	2.7178	<b>0.147</b>	3.7338	<b>0.187</b>	4.7498
<b>0.028</b>	0.7112	<b>0.068</b>	1.7272	<b>0.108</b>	2.7432	<b>0.148</b>	3.7592	<b>0.188</b>	4.7752
<b>0.029</b>	0.7366	<b>0.069</b>	1.7526	<b>0.109</b>	2.7686	<b>0.149</b>	3.7846	<b>0.189</b>	4.8006
<b>0.030</b>	0.7620	<b>0.070</b>	1.7780	<b>0.110</b>	2.7940	<b>0.150</b>	3.8100	<b>0.190</b>	4.8260
<b>0.031</b>	0.7874	<b>0.071</b>	1.8034	<b>0.111</b>	2.8194	<b>0.151</b>	3.8354	<b>0.191</b>	4.8514
<b>0.032</b>	0.8128	<b>0.072</b>	1.8288	<b>0.112</b>	2.8448	<b>0.152</b>	3.8608	<b>0.192</b>	4.8768
<b>0.033</b>	0.8382	<b>0.073</b>	1.8542	<b>0.113</b>	2.8702	<b>0.153</b>	3.8862	<b>0.193</b>	4.9022
<b>0.034</b>	0.8636	<b>0.074</b>	1.8796	<b>0.114</b>	2.8956	<b>0.154</b>	3.9116	<b>0.194</b>	4.9276
<b>0.035</b>	0.8890	<b>0.075</b>	1.9050	<b>0.115</b>	2.9210	<b>0.155</b>	3.9370	<b>0.195</b>	4.9530
<b>0.036</b>	0.9144	<b>0.076</b>	1.9304	<b>0.116</b>	2.9464	<b>0.156</b>	3.9624	<b>0.196</b>	4.9784
<b>0.037</b>	0.9398	<b>0.077</b>	1.9558	<b>0.117</b>	2.9718	<b>0.157</b>	3.9878	<b>0.197</b>	5.0038
<b>0.038</b>	0.9652	<b>0.078</b>	1.9812	<b>0.118</b>	2.9972	<b>0.158</b>	4.0132	<b>0.198</b>	5.0292
<b>0.039</b>	0.9906	<b>0.079</b>	2.0066	<b>0.119</b>	3.0226	<b>0.159</b>	4.0386	<b>0.199</b>	5.0246
<b>0.040</b>	1.0160	<b>0.080</b>	2.0320	<b>0.120</b>	3.0480	<b>0.160</b>	4.0640	<b>0.200</b>	5.0800



203-239-5881

800-243-2515

## INCH/MILLIMETER CONVERSION CHART

Inches	mm	Inches	mm	Inches	mm	Inches	mm
0.25	6.4	18.5	469.9	37.0	939.8	55.5	1409.7
0.5	12.7	19.0	482.6	37.5	952.5	56.8	1422.4
1.0	25.4	19.5	495.3	38.0	965.2	56.5	1435.1
1.5	38.1	20.0	508.0	38.5	977.9	57.0	1447.8
2.0	50.8	20.5	520.7	39.0	990.6	57.5	1460.5
2.5	63.5	21.0	533.4	39.5	1003.3	58.0	1473.2
3.0	76.2	21.5	546.1	40.0	1016.0	58.5	1485.9
3.5	88.9	22.0	558.8	40.5	1028.7	59.0	1498.6
4.0	101.6	22.5	571.5	41.0	1041.4	59.5	1511.3
4.5	114.3	23.0	584.2	41.5	1054.1	60.0	1524.0
5.0	127.0	23.5	596.9	42.0	1066.8	60.5	1536.7
5.5	139.7	24.0	609.6	42.5	1079.5	61.0	1549.4
6.0	152.4	24.5	622.3	43.0	1092.2	61.5	1562.1
6.5	165.1	25.0	635.0	43.5	1104.9	62.0	1574.8
7.0	177.8	25.5	647.7	44.0	1117.6	62.5	1587.5
7.5	190.5	26.0	660.4	44.5	1130.3	63.0	1600.2
8.0	203.2	26.5	673.1	45.0	1143.0	63.5	1612.9
8.5	215.9	27.0	685.8	45.5	1155.7	64.0	1625.6
9.0	228.6	27.5	698.5	46.0	1168.4	64.5	1638.3
9.5	241.3	28.0	711.2	46.5	1181.1	65.0	1651.0
10.0	254.0	28.5	723.9	47.0	1193.8	65.5	1663.7
10.5	266.7	29.0	736.6	47.5	1206.5	66.0	1676.4
11.0	279.4	29.5	749.3	48.0	1219.2	66.5	1689.1
11.5	292.1	30.0	762.0	48.5	1231.9	67.0	1701.8
12.0	304.8	30.5	774.7	49.0	1244.6	67.5	1714.5
12.5	317.5	31.0	787.4	49.5	1257.3	68.0	1727.2
13.0	330.2	31.5	800.1	50.0	1270.0	68.5	1739.9
13.5	342.9	32.0	812.8	50.5	1282.7	69.0	1752.6
14.0	355.6	32.5	825.5	51.0	1295.4	69.5	1765.3
14.5	368.3	33.0	838.2	51.5	1308.1	70.0	1778.0
15.0	381.0	33.5	850.9	52.0	1320.8	70.5	1790.7
15.5	393.7	34.0	863.6	52.5	1333.5	71.0	1803.4
16.0	406.4	34.5	876.3	53.0	1346.2	71.5	1816.1
16.5	419.1	35.0	889.0	53.5	1358.9	72.0	1828.8
17.0	431.8	35.5	901.7	54.0	1371.6	72.5	1841.5
17.5	444.5	36.0	914.4	54.5	1384.3	73.0	1854.2
18.0	457.2	36.5	927.1	55.0	1397.0	73.5	1866.9

Inch Fraction	Inch Decimal	mm
1/64	<b>0.0156</b>	0.397
1/32	<b>0.0313</b>	0.794
1/16	<b>0.0625</b>	1.588
3/32	<b>0.0938</b>	2.381
1/8	<b>0.1250</b>	3.175
5/32	<b>0.1563</b>	3.969
3/16	<b>0.1875</b>	4.763
7/32	<b>0.2188</b>	5.556
1/4	<b>0.2500</b>	6.350
9/32	<b>0.2813</b>	7.144
5/16	<b>0.3125</b>	7.938
11/32	<b>0.3438</b>	8.731
3/8	<b>0.3750</b>	9.525
13/32	<b>0.4063</b>	10.319
7/16	<b>0.4375</b>	11.113
15/32	<b>0.4688</b>	11.906

Inch Fraction	Inch Decimal	mm
17/32	<b>0.5313</b>	13.494
9/16	<b>0.5625</b>	14.288
19/32	<b>0.5938</b>	15.081
5/8	<b>0.6250</b>	15.875
21/32	<b>0.6563</b>	16.669
11/16	<b>0.6875</b>	17.463
23/32	<b>0.7188</b>	18.256
3/4	<b>0.7500</b>	19.050
25/32	<b>0.7813</b>	19.844
13/16	<b>0.8125</b>	20.638
27/32	<b>0.8438</b>	21.431
7/8	<b>0.8750</b>	22.225
29/32	<b>0.9063</b>	23.019
15/16	<b>0.9375</b>	23.813
31/32	<b>0.9688</b>	24.606
63/64	<b>0.9844</b>	25.003

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## IMPERIAL-METRIC CONVERSION

### TENSILE STRENGTH

TO CONVERT FROM	TO	MULTIPLY BY
kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>	N/mm <sup>2</sup> or MPa	9.80665
kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>	ksi	1.422335
N/mm <sup>2</sup> or MPa	kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>	0.0101972
N/mm <sup>2</sup> or MPa	ksi	0.145038
ksi	kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>	0.703069
ksi	N/mm <sup>2</sup> or MPa	6.894752

Tensile strength and yield stress are measured in metric and Imperial as a force per unit area. The most common are:

- Pound per square inch (psi)
- Kilopounds per square inch (ksi)
- kilograms force per square millimeter (kgf/mm<sup>2</sup>)
- Newtons per square millimeter (N/mm<sup>2</sup>), also known as a MegaPascal (MPa)

### LENGTH AND AREA

1 inch = 25.4 mm exactly	1 mm = 0.03937 inch
1 microinch = 0.0254 microns	1 micron = 39.3701 microinch
1 foot = 0.3048 meter	1 meter = 3.28084 feet
1 yard = 0.9144 meter	1 meter = 1.09361 yards
1 mile = 1.609344 kilometers	1 kilometer = 0.62137 mile
1 square inch = 645.16 square millimeters	1 square millimeter = 0.00155 square inch
1 square foot = 0.092903 square meter	1 square meter = 10.7639 square feet
1 square yard = 0.836127 square meter	1 square meter = 1.19599 square yards
1 square mile = 2.58999 square kilometers	1 square kilometer = 0.38610 square mile

### MASS

1 lb. = 16 oz. = 453.59237 g (exactly)	1 gram = 0.035274 ounce
1 pound = 0.45359237 kilogram (exactly)	1 kilogram = 2.204622 pounds

### VOLUME

1 cubic inch = 16.3871 cubic centimeters	1 cubic centimeter = 0.0610124 cubic inch
1 cubic foot = 0.028317 cubic meter	1 cubic meter = 35.31467 cubic feet
1 cubic yard = 0.764555 cubic meter	1 cubic meter = 1.30795 cubic yards

### MEASURE OF CAPACITY

1 fluid ounce = 28.413 milliliters	1 milliliter = 0.0351951 fluid ounces
1 US pint = 0.832681 Imperial pint	1 Imperial pint = 1.20094 US pints
1 US gallon = 0.832681 Imperial gallon	1 Imperial gallon = 1.20094 US gallon
1 US pint = 0.47318 liter	1 liter = 2.11336 US pint
1 US gallon = 3.78541 liters	1 liter = 0.26417 US gallon
1 Imperial pint = 0.56826 liter	1 liter = 1.75978 Imperial pint
1 Imperial gallon = 4.54609 liters	1 liter = 0.219969 Imperial gallon

### PRESSURE

1 pound/sq. inch = 0.068948 Bar	1 Bar = 14.5038 pound/sq. inch
1 atmosphere (standard) = 1.013250 Bar	1 Bar = 0.9869232 atmosphere (standard)

### ADDITIONAL CONVERSION FACTORS

1 nautical mile = 1.852 kilometers	1 kilometer = 0.539957 nautical miles
1 knot = 1.85318 kilometer per hour	1 kilometer per hour = 0.539613 knots
1 acre = 0.404686 hectare	1 hectare = 2.47105 acres
1 ohm circular-mil per foot = $1.662426 \times 10^{-9}$ ohm meter	1 ohm meter = $6.01531 \times 10^{-8}$ ohm circular-mil per foot
1 pound/cubic inch = $2.767990 \times 10^{-4}$ kg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 kg/m <sup>3</sup> = $3.6127 \times 10^{-5}$ pound/cubic inch
1 Btu-in/ft <sup>2</sup> hr°F = 1.730735 W/m.K	1 W/m.K = 0.5777892 Btu-in/ft <sup>2</sup> hr°F
1 horsepower = 745.7 watts	1 watt = 0.001341 horsepower



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## TEMPERATURE CONVERSION

Locate the temperature you wish to convert in the center column. The equivalent Fahrenheit temperature is shown in the right-hand column, while the equivalent centigrade (or Celsius) temperature is shown in the left-hand column.

$$^{\circ}\text{C} = \frac{5}{9} (\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F} - 32) \quad \text{ }^{\circ}\text{F} = \frac{9}{5} (\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} + 32)$$

C		F
-34.4	<b>-30</b>	-22.0
-31.7	<b>-25</b>	-13.0
-28.9	<b>-20</b>	-4.0
-26.1	<b>-15</b>	5.0
-23.3	<b>-10</b>	14.0
-20.6	<b>-5</b>	23.0
-17.8	<b>0</b>	32.0
-15.0	<b>5</b>	41.0
-12.2	<b>10</b>	50.0
-9.4	<b>15</b>	59.0
-6.7	<b>20</b>	68.0
-3.9	<b>25</b>	77.0
-1.1	<b>30</b>	86.0
1.7	<b>35</b>	95.0
4.4	<b>40</b>	104.0
7.2	<b>45</b>	113.0
10.0	<b>50</b>	122.0
12.8	<b>55</b>	131.0
15.6	<b>60</b>	140.0
18.3	<b>65</b>	149.0
21.1	<b>70</b>	158.0
23.9	<b>75</b>	167.0
26.7	<b>80</b>	176.0
29.4	<b>85</b>	185.0
32.2	<b>90</b>	194.0
35.0	<b>95</b>	203.0
37.8	<b>100</b>	212.0
40.6	<b>105</b>	221.0
43.3	<b>110</b>	230.0
46.1	<b>115</b>	239.0
48.9	<b>120</b>	248.0
51.7	<b>125</b>	257.0
54.4	<b>130</b>	266.0
57.2	<b>135</b>	275.0
60.0	<b>140</b>	284.0
62.8	<b>145</b>	293.0
65.6	<b>150</b>	302.0
68.3	<b>155</b>	311.0
71.1	<b>160</b>	320.0
73.9	<b>165</b>	329.0
76.7	<b>170</b>	338.0
79.4	<b>175</b>	347.0
82.2	<b>180</b>	356.0
85.0	<b>185</b>	365.0
87.8	<b>190</b>	374.0
90.6	<b>195</b>	383.0
93.3	<b>200</b>	392.0

C		F
98.9	<b>210</b>	410.0
104.4	<b>220</b>	428.0
110.0	<b>230</b>	446.0
115.6	<b>240</b>	464.0
121.1	<b>250</b>	482.0
126.7	<b>260</b>	500.0
132.2	<b>270</b>	518.0
137.8	<b>280</b>	536.0
143.3	<b>290</b>	554.0
148.9	<b>300</b>	572.0
154.4	<b>310</b>	590.0
160.0	<b>320</b>	608.0
165.6	<b>330</b>	626.0
171.1	<b>340</b>	644.0
176.7	<b>350</b>	662.0
182.2	<b>360</b>	680.0
187.8	<b>370</b>	698.0
193.3	<b>380</b>	716.0
198.9	<b>390</b>	734.0
204.4	<b>400</b>	752.0
210.0	<b>410</b>	770.0
215.6	<b>420</b>	788.0
221.1	<b>430</b>	806.0
226.7	<b>440</b>	824.0
232.2	<b>450</b>	842.0
237.8	<b>460</b>	860.0
243.3	<b>470</b>	878.0
248.9	<b>480</b>	896.0
254.4	<b>490</b>	914.0
260.0	<b>500</b>	932.0
265.6	<b>510</b>	950.0
271.1	<b>520</b>	968.0
276.7	<b>530</b>	986.0
282.2	<b>540</b>	1004.0
287.8	<b>550</b>	1022.0
293.3	<b>560</b>	1040.0
298.9	<b>570</b>	1058.0
304.4	<b>580</b>	1076.0
310.0	<b>590</b>	1094.0
315.6	<b>600</b>	1112.0
321.1	<b>610</b>	1130.0
326.7	<b>620</b>	1148.0
332.2	<b>630</b>	1166.0
337.8	<b>640</b>	1184.0
343.3	<b>650</b>	1202.0
348.9	<b>660</b>	1220.0
354.4	<b>670</b>	1238.0

C		F
360.0	<b>680</b>	1256.0
365.6	<b>690</b>	1274.0
371.1	<b>700</b>	1292.0
376.7	<b>710</b>	1310.0
382.2	<b>720</b>	1328.0
387.8	<b>730</b>	1346.0
393.3	<b>740</b>	1364.0
398.9	<b>750</b>	1382.0
404.4	<b>760</b>	1400.0
410.0	<b>770</b>	1418.0
415.6	<b>780</b>	1436.0
421.1	<b>790</b>	1454.0
426.7	<b>800</b>	1472.0
432.2	<b>810</b>	1490.0
437.8	<b>820</b>	1508.0
443.3	<b>830</b>	1526.0
448.9	<b>840</b>	1544.0
454.4	<b>850</b>	1562.0
460.0	<b>860</b>	1580.0
465.6	<b>870</b>	1598.0
471.1	<b>880</b>	1616.0
476.7	<b>890</b>	1634.0
482.2	<b>900</b>	1652.0
487.8	<b>910</b>	1670.0
493.3	<b>920</b>	1688.0
498.9	<b>930</b>	1706.0
504.4	<b>940</b>	1724.0
510.0	<b>950</b>	1742.0
515.6	<b>960</b>	1760.0
521.1	<b>970</b>	1778.0
526.7	<b>980</b>	1796.0
532.2	<b>990</b>	1814.0
537.8	<b>1000</b>	1832.0
543.3	<b>1010</b>	1850.0
548.9	<b>1020</b>	1868.0
554.4	<b>1030</b>	1886.0
560.0	<b>1040</b>	1904.0
565.6	<b>1050</b>	1922.0
571.1	<b>1060</b>	1940.0
576.7	<b>1070</b>	1958.0
582.2	<b>1080</b>	1976.0
587.8	<b>1090</b>	1994.0
593.3	<b>1100</b>	2012.0
598.9	<b>1110</b>	2030.0
604.4	<b>1120</b>	2048.0
610.0	<b>1130</b>	2066.0
615.6	<b>1140</b>	2084.0



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